1. The principles of checks and balances and separation of powers were put forward by
2. Voltaire was a philosophe who defended
3. Jean-Jacques Rousseau believed that
4. The most radical idea expressed by women in the Enlightenment was that women
5. Adam Smith tried to show that natural economic forces of supply and demand were linked to
6. Government and church officials fought against Enlightenment ideas with
7. Salons were one area of eighteenth-century life that controlled
8. Catherine II’s contribution to Russia was
9. How did war help Britain gain global prominence?
10. How did business and commerce in England differ from business and commerce in France?
11. How did the creation of the United Kingdom help both England and Scotland?
12. What did Tories support?
13. What group had the power to disband the cabinet?
14. What work did the majority of people in Britain do during the 1700s?
15. Why did colonists resent the British taxes they were required to pay?
16. Why did colonists in Boston hold the Boston Tea Party?
17. Which of the following was a British advantage during the war?
18. Why did delegates gather to write a Constitution?
19. Where did the ideas for the Constitution originate?

Vocab

1. natural laws
2. social contract
3. natural rights
4. philosophes
5. physiocrat
6. laissez faire
7. Salon
8. Enlightened Despot
9. Act of Union
10. constitutional government
11. oligarchy
12. prime minister
13. Navigation Acts
14. Continental Congress
15. Thomas Jefferson
16. Battle of Saratoga
17. Treaty of Paris